

Airport Cooperative Research Program

PFAS Source Differentiation Guide for Airports



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### **PFAS Forensics at Airports and Beyond**

#### September 24, 2024

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Mead

### **Research Team**



- Develop a practical guidance document that airport personnel can use
- Not just another "high-level technical report" or "white paper"
- Provide relevant information for a wide range of audiences





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# Today's Presentation

Part 1 – PFAS Landscape

Part 2 – Developing "Lines of Evidence" to support PFAS Source Identification and Differentiation

Part 3 – Screening Tool and Next Steps/ Research Needs



# What's Inside the Guidebook?

- Introduction
  - Relevant PFAS as it relates to this research
  - History of PFAS in AFFF
- Airport PFAS Issue Awareness
- Source Differentiation Approaches to Build Lines-of-Evidence (Desktop – Analytical – Forensics)
- Screening Level Data Visualizations based on novel analyses of publicly available PFAS data
- Overview of Downloadable Differentiation Screening Tool



Scan QR Code for document ACRP Research Report 255

Airport Cooperative Research Program

PFAS Source Differentiation Guide for Airports

#### KEY POINT

Key point text boxes summarize significant concepts of this guide.

#### TECHNICAL DETAIL

Technical detail text boxes provide additional technical background information.





# Airport PFAS Issue Awareness

- Guidebook includes chapter to provide higherlevel overview of airport PFAS issues
- Includes PFAS 101 information
- FAQ about Airport PFAS and AFFF
- Regulatory Review (snapshot in time)
- "Triggering Events" that may drive differentiation



# PFAS 101 – PFAS Family Tree

>12,000 PFAS Grouped by Chemistry All Very Different Chemistries and Uses



# PFAS 101 – Environmental Releases



**Ferracon** 

Hunt

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# EPA's Recent "Trifecta" of PFAS-Related Actions



- Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal Document (April 16, 2024) <u>Link to EPA D & D Fact</u> <u>Sheet</u>
- Final PFAS National Primary Drinking Water Regulation (April 10, 2024) <u>Link to EPA NPDWR Fact Sheet</u>
- Final Rule Designation of PFOA and PFOS as Hazardous Substances under CERCLA (May 8, 2024)
   <u>Link to EPA PFAS Haz Substance Designation Fact</u>

| Chemical  | Maximum Contaminant Level<br>Goal (MCLG) | Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| PFOA  | 0  | 4.0 ppt                         |  |  |
| PFOS  | 0  | 4.0 ppt                         |  |  |
| PFNA  | 10 ppt                                   | 10 ppt                          |  |  |
| PFHxS   | 10 ppt                                   | 10 ppt                          |  |  |
| HFPO-DA (GenX chemicals)  | 10 ppt                                   | 10 ppt                          |  |  |
| Mixture of two or more:<br>PFNA, PFHxS, HFPO-DA, and<br>PFBS  | Hazard Index of 1                        | Hazard Index of 1               |  |  |
| Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no |  |                                 |  |  |

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety and are non-enforceable public health goals.



Sheet



# Airport PFAS Landscape

#### **On-Airport PFAS Sources**

- AFFF use in emergency response (mobile and fixed systems)
- Firefighter training (burn pits, etc.)
- Part 139 certification
  - ARFF truck foam proportioning system calibration
  - AFFF training areas
  - Timed response
- Maintenance of ARFF vehicles
- Accidental discharge (e.g., hangar)
- Spills and leaks from handling and storage of AFFF
- And maybe others...





### AFFF

#### Not all Class B Firefighting Foams Contain PFAS



#### **Foams with PFAS**

- Aqueous film-forming foam (AFFF)
- Alcohol-resistant aqueous film-forming foam (AR-AFFF)
- Film-forming fluoroprotein foam (FFFP)
- Alcohol-resistant film-forming fluoroprotein foam (AR-FFFP)
- Fluoroprotein foam (FP)
- Alcohol-resistant fluoroprotein foam (FPAR)

#### **Foams without PFAS**

- Protein foam
- Alcohol-resistant protein foam
- High expansion foams
- Synthetic fluorine-free foam (FFF or F3)
- \*new\* Fluorine Free (F3) Mil-Spec/FAA Approved foams

#### UNDERSTANDING PFAS SOURCES. DATA-DRIVEN APPROACH

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# Fluorine Free Foams

### FAA approved F3 in September 2023 that meets current performance specifications

**REGULATION REMEDIATION LIABILITY** 

#### FAA Allows Use Of PFAS-Free Firefighting Foam After DOD Certification

September 19, 2023

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has notified airports that they may begin using PFAS-free firefighting foam recently certified by the Defense Department (DOD), although airports are not required to use the new foam.

In a Sept. 13 "CertAlert", FAA notifies Part 139 airports and industry that there are now fluorine-free foams (F3) that meet DOD's new military specification (MIL-SPEC) and can be used at FAA-certified airports.

The alert also notes that the Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA) will continue to update a DOD database with approved F3 concentrates.

FAA's alert follows NAVSEA's Sept. 12 addition of the first F3 products to its Quality Product List (QPL) webpage and comes ahead of an Oct. 1 deadline for DOD to halt purchase of firefighting foam that contains detectable levels of PFAS for land-based use.

Green - Source is Certified, Yellow - Source is due for Certification, Red - Source is overdue for Certification. Contact QA for additional information. Total part count = 1 Click on the appropriate link to see more

Tweet

| VAMr Designation   | VASource Name   | CAGE<br>Code | Related<br>Links                        |
|--|---|--------------|---|
| SOLBERG 3% MIL-SPEC SFFF ** SEE SOURCE<br>NOTE S*** NSN: 4210-01-713-4268 (SS-GAL-CONT.) | PERBMETTER SOLUTIONS LP<br>1000 MARYLAND AVE<br>511 300<br>SANH LOUIS, NO 601063910<br>USA<br>www.bhoschek.com<br>Text Helwrese NRL Report 3900 Ser 6180/0233/2023 dtd 7/26/23; NAVSEA LTR 9555 SER 669/238 OF<br>9/11/23 (Approved by NAVSEA LTR 959/2523-323 dtd 9/12/23)***SEE SOURCE NOTES*** |              | (source<br>Planta)<br>(source<br>Notes) |
| INVEX Page 1 of 1 1 Go to Page   |   |              |   |
| L  |   |              |   |

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#### FLUORINE-FREE FIREFIGHTING FOAMS (3F) VIABLE ALTERNATIVES TO FLUORINATED AQUEOUS FILM-FORMING FOAMS (AFFF)

Independent Expert Panel Convened by IPEN Stockholm Convention POPRC-14 Rome

September 2018







# But It's Not Just AFFF....

#### **Examples of products that MAY contain PFAS**

| Aerosol propellants            | Metallic and ceramic surfaces                |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Antifoaming agent              | Pipes, pumps, fittings and liners            |
| Ammunition                     | Plastic and rubber                           |
| Coatings, paints and varnishes | Refrigerant systems                          |
| Dispersions                    | Resins                                       |
| Fire-fighting foam             | Sealants and adhesives                       |
| Flame retardants               | Soldering                                    |
| Lubricants and greases         | Wire and cable insulation, gaskets and hoses |

Modified from *Gluge et al. 2020* 





### So.... Whose PFAS Is It? (also: How Many Source Areas Are There?)





- Guidance for the airport environmental manager
- Data-driven, practical approach
- Used input from real-world experts and airports currently "in the mix"
- Designed to be applicable at any point from initial questions to assessing multiple years of PFAS data
- Includes analysis of 800,000+ PFAS data to develop PFAS source area patterns



# "Lines of Evidence" Approach



#### **DESKTOP REVIEW**

- On-Airport Sources
- Off-Airport Sources
- Site Characteristics



#### CONVENTIONAL SAMPLING

- Available Methods
- Best Practices
- Source Screening



#### **ADVANCED FORENSICS**

- State-of-the-Science
- When to Consider
- What to Expect

#### There is no "silver bullet" when it comes to PFAS forensics

- Many advanced technologies are becoming available, but still need to be validated
- There are numerous evaluations that can be done with conventional data and a good conceptual site model



# Desktop Review – Potential PFAS Sources

**Resource for Information About Potential On- and Off-airport PFAS Sources** 

- Environmental Site Assessments (Phase 1 and Phase 2)
- Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)
- NPDES permits
- EPCRA sections 311-312 reporting
- Federal and state environmental databases
- Other resources (11 additional listed in Table 3.5, ACRP Research Report 255)



Image Source: https://officiency.com/organizecomputerfiles/



### **Conventional Sampling** – Complicated data interpretation, but can be useful

- Use the full set of PFAS data
  - Don't focus on only "risk-driving" PFAS
- Importance of well-defined conceptual site model
  - Hydrogeology/Geology/Soils
  - Depth to groundwater
  - Flow direction
  - Bedrock type and competency
  - Soil properties
  - Climatological setting
  - Manufactured conduits (utility corridors/trenches)
- Stormwater infrastructure
- Consideration of precursor transformation
- Consideration of PFAS-specific fate and transport





### **PFAS Compositional Distribution Visualizations**

#### **Pattern Identification Options:**

- Family Tree Pie Charts
  - sulfonates v. carboxylates
  - chain-length
- ECF-based products (w/PFOS) versus FT-based products (no PFOS)

**Data Visualization Categories:** 

- PFAS Ratios
- Linear versus branched isomers
- Principal Component Analysis
- Etc. (many more...)

#### **Patterns derived from >800,000 PFAS data points:**



#### Limitations:

- No geospatial information is available for most of the data points
- Most likely "near source" samples dominate database



#### **PFAS** Compositional Distribution Visualizations

107

105

10

10

10 10-2

10

107

105

105

104

103

101

concentrations.

10

107

10\*-

105-

10

10

10

10

10

10-

concentrations.

そくちょうがくしょうろうろ

Figure 6-4. Industrial category PFAS

concentrations.

Figure 6-2. Airport category PFAS







### **PFAS Source Forensics Uncertainty**

#### Table 6-3. High detection and frequency PFAS for source categories.

| Source Type  | Airport  | Chrome<br>Plating        | Industrial<br>Sites   | Other<br>Cleanup<br>Sites   | Wastewater<br>Treatment<br>Plants | Landfill                       |
|--|--|--------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Compounds that<br>exhibited high<br>median<br>concentrations and<br>high frequencies of<br>detection | PFPeA<br>PFHxA<br>PFBA<br>PFHxS<br>PFOS<br>PFHpA<br>PFOA<br>PFBS<br>PFPeS<br>6:2 FTS | PFOS<br>PFHxA<br>6:2 FTS | PFOA<br>PFHxA<br>PFOS<br>PFHxS<br>PFHpA<br>PFHxS<br>PFBS<br>PFBA<br>PFBA<br>PFPeA<br>PFDS | PFBA<br>PFPeA<br>PFPeS<br>PFHxS<br>PFOS<br>PFHxA<br>PFOA<br>6:2 FTS | PFHxA<br>PFPeA                    | PFBA<br>PFHxA<br>PFPeA<br>PFOA |



# Understanding PFAS Source Forensics Limitations

- No such thing as a definitive PFAS signature using conventional commercial data.
- Because there were only a few primary manufacturers of PFAS, products tend to have several PFAS in common (e.g., PFAAs) and may even share similar chemical signatures.
- Degradation eventually converts polyfluorinated precursor compounds to a limited set of perfluorinated end products (PFAAs), common among all PFAS source

types.

UNDERSTANDING PFAS SOURCES. DATA-DRIVEN APPROACH. PRACTICAL SOLUTIONS. It is critical to carefully consider supporting CSM information

A multiple-lines-of-evidence approach is necessary



Source: https://imperialwriters7.medium.com/research-project-whylimitations-of-the-study-should-come-at-the-end-of-the-project-3282c8c1e36



# **Advanced Forensics**

Specialized commercial or academic analytical methods

- High-resolution mass spectrometry, non-target analysis, and computer learning algorithms
- May include alternative sample processing and analysis methods (e.g. TOP assay)
- Largely QUALITATIVE
- Significant on-going research

### When

What

- Confirming screening results from conventional data
- Informing inconclusive information
- If source allocation is of relevance

### Who

- Analytical chemistry experts
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Research and Development
- Battelle PFAS Signature<sup>®</sup>
- Others...

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#### Limitations:

- Not necessarily definitive, largely unvalidated
- Difficult to communicate/validate
- Generated using nonstandardized methods
- Costly and limited commercial availability



# PFAS Source Differentiation Preliminary Screening Application

- Downloadable Excel-based Application
- Available from ACRP Report download page
- Focuses on Desktop Review
- Includes Compositional Distribution
   Data Visualization Tool





### Desktop Review Progress Tracker

#### **PFAS Source Differentiation Desktop Review Feedback**

#### **Overall Progress** Objective: Increasing Provide progress feedback on PFAS source differentiation desktop review efforts. Good Instructions: Input responses to the questions or statements for each category (separate tabs) on the Excellent level of consideration given to the topics related to PFAS sources . Beginning 0/10 **Off-Airport Sources Progress** Site Characteristics Progress **On-Airport Sources Progress** Increasing Increasing Good Increasing Good Good Excellent Excellent Excellent Beginning Beginning Beginning 0/10 0/10 0/10 UNDERSTANDING PFAS SOURCES. Mead GSI **ierracon** DATA-DRIVEN APPROACH.

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### **On-Airport Source Review**

|    | Have you considered the following ARFF-related potential AFFF use?             | Response             |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 1  | AFFF use during emergency response (aircraft accident, vehicle fires, etc.)    |                      |
| 2  | ARFF truck Part 139 foam proportioning system testing                          | No consideration     |
| 3  | ARFF firefighter AFFF training with mobile fire units                          | Reviewed extensively |
| 4  | ARFF firefighter training pits/sites   | Fully explored       |
| 5  | AFFF use during Part 139 annual certification timed response drills            | Not applicable       |
| 6  | Operational testing of ARFF truck foam system                                  |                      |
| 7  | Maintenance of ARFF vehicles with AFFF discharge                               |                      |
|    | Unintentional release of AFFF including from handling, storage, or other       |                      |
| 8  | activities   |                      |
|    |  |                      |
|    | Have you considered the following non-ARFF potential AFFF use?                 |                      |
| 9  | Hangar fire suppression systems with AFFF                                      |                      |
| 10 | Fuel farm fire suppression systems with AFFF                                   |                      |
| 11 | Military ARFF activities   |                      |
|    |  |                      |
|    | Have you considered other sources of relevant PFAS releases?                   |                      |
| 12 | Aircraft hydraulic fluid releases  |                      |
| 13 | Application of biosolids from wastewater treatment facilities                  |                      |
| 14 | On-airport tenant industrial or manufacturing activities with PFAS exposure    |                      |
|    | Historical land use at your airport with PFAS exposure (e.g., former landfill, |                      |
| 15 | former military)   |                      |
|    | Soil stockpiles originating from potential areas of PFAS concern (e.g., former |                      |
| 16 | ARFF use locations)  |                      |
|    | Areas where potential PFAS-impacted fill was used for infrastructure           |                      |
| 17 | development projects   |                      |
|    |  |                      |



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#### Desktop Review Progress Tracker



- Feedback on progress over time as it relates to desktop review
- *Not intended* to be used as a comparison between airports
- Tool could help communicate progress to:
  - Staff/Managers
  - Airport Executives
  - Boards/Commissions
  - Public
  - Other Interested Parties



#### Compositional Analysis Visualization

#### **Compositional Analysis Comparative Tool**

#### Objective:

Provide graphical representation of PFAS compositional analysis to allow comparison to

#### Instructions:

YOUR DATA

Perfluorobutanoic acid

Perfluoropentanoic acid

Perfluorohexanoic acid

Perfluoroheptanoic acid

Perfluorooctanoic acid

Perfluorononanoic acid

Perfluorodecanoic acid

Perfluoroundecanoic acid

Perfluorododecanoic acid

Perfluorotridecanoic acid

PFAS

explaratory source screening output as developed to assist in PFAS source differentiation.

representation of your data that can be compared to the information provided with the

**Your Compositional Analysis** 

% PFCAs % PFSAs % Other

RESULTS % PFCAs

% PFSAs

% Other

Abbreviation

PFBA

PFPeA

PFHxA

PFHpA

PFOA

PFNA

PFDA

**PFUnDA** 

**PFDoDA** 

CAS Number

375-22-4

2706-90-3

307-24-4

375-85-9

335-67-1

375-95-1

335-76-2

2058-94-8

307-55-1

72620-04-8

Input PFAS data from a single monitoring point in the table below to generate a graphical Guidebook (see Section 6 of the Guidebook). Source category screening data visualizations are provided to the right for ease of reference. Data from different monitoring points can also be compared to evaluate spatial patterns in PFAS composition and to help identify any locations % PFCAs % PFSAs % Other where other sources (upgradient, off site) could be contributing. Please note: this comparative analysis should not be considered definitive and should be incorporated into a lines-of-evidence approach Industrial

Airport (AFFF)

Help

Help





% Compound Type

44%

56%

0%

PFAS Concentration

(ng/L)

28

55

73

26

51

56

10

3.4

1.2

<0 A2

Help

Help

Help

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

PFCA

DECA

### Main Conclusions

There is no "silver bullet" when it comes to PFAS source differentiation.

A "lines-of-evidence" approach is recommended using available information, which may include desktop reviews, info on historical operations, airport site characteristics, potential off-site sources, and laboratory analytical data.

> The visualizations are only part of the evidence. They should be used in conjunction with other lines to build a source differentiation approach and consideration.



### **Potential Research and Next Steps**

- This research largely completed by end of 2022
- Are there different data sources publicly available now than we did our analysis?
  - Can 800,000 points become two million?
  - How would that increase value in data visualizations?
- Case study of airport moving through source differentiation journey
- State-of-technology on PFAS forensics what's changed since the research was conducted?



# Questions? Thanks for Your Attendance!

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